





## Patient Medical History

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Please answer the following questions:

Is this your child's first visit to the dentist?

Yes  No

If no, when was the last visit? \_\_\_\_\_

Does your child have a toothache?

Yes  No

If yes? \_\_\_\_\_

Has your child bumped any teeth?

Yes  No

If yes, when? \_\_\_\_\_ How? \_\_\_\_\_

Has your child ever experienced headaches, pain, popping or clicking of the jaws?

Yes  No

If yes? \_\_\_\_\_

Does your child still use a bottle, sippy cup or is nursing?

Yes  No

If yes? \_\_\_\_\_

Other comments? \_\_\_\_\_

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Does your child have or has he/she had any of the following?

Yes  No

Thumb Sucking

How long? \_\_\_\_\_

Still active?

Yes  No

Finger Habit

How long? \_\_\_\_\_

Still active?

Yes  No

Pacifier

How long? \_\_\_\_\_

Still active?

Yes  No

Was your child referred to our office?  Yes  No

If yes, by whom? \_\_\_\_\_

Reason for visit

Routine visit

Emergency

Habit

Decay

Physical or Developmental Disability

Behavior

Cosmetic

Other Please specify: \_\_\_\_\_

How often does your child brush? \_\_\_\_\_

Is tooth brushing supervised?  Yes  No  Sometimes

By whom? \_\_\_\_\_

Is dental floss used?  Yes  No  Sometimes

Does your child receive:

Fluoridated water (city or county)

Bottled water

Well water

Fluoride in vitamins

Fluoride tablets/drops

## **PEDIATRIC DENTISTRY INFORMED CONSENT for PATIENT MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES**

It is our intent that your child receive the best possible dental care in a positive and safe environment. Providing high quality dental care to children can sometimes be difficult due to their behavior. Every effort will be made to obtain your child's cooperation through warmth, charm, humor and understanding. When these fail, there are several behavioral management techniques used to eliminate or minimize disruptive behavior. These are routinely used and accepted by the American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry and are described below.

**1. Treatment area:** One large open room accommodates up to three children at one time. This allows the children to be with each other, which helps to create a more secure and comfortable environment.

**2. Tell-show-do:** The dentist or assistant explains to the child what is to be done by demonstrating on the child's finger. Then the procedure is done on the patient's tooth. Praise is used to reinforce cooperative behavior.

**3. Voice control:** The attention of a disruptive child is gained by changing the tone or increasing the volume of the practitioner's voice.

**4. Mouth props:** A rubber device is occasionally placed in the child's mouth to prevent either intentional or unintentional closure on the dentist's fingers or drill.

**5. Physical restraint by dentist/assistant:** The child is held so they can not grab a moving drill or other sharp object. They are not able to grab the practitioner's hand while delicate work is being performed. This is for the safety of the child and to facilitate treatment.

**6. Nitrous oxide analgesia:** (Laughing gas) is administered to calm and soothe the patient prior to certain procedures. Nitrous oxide is a very safe medication that very rarely causes nausea. The patient never loses consciousness.

**7. Quiet room:** This is a glass enclosed room, directly adjacent to the open area room, where treatment can be performed on a child who is crying or displaying other noncooperative behavior. The child can still see the other children in the office, but cannot be heard by the other children. This room is used to protect cooperative children from becoming upset or frightened by a crying, uncooperative child.

*\*I understand the behavior management techniques used in this practice, as outlined above and give my permission for my child to receive treatment.*

*\*I understand that my association with this office may be terminated if I habitually arrive late (more than 10 minutes), cancel on short notice or fail to show for a scheduled appointment.*

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(parent/guardian)

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date

## ***PEDIATRIC DENTISTRY - SUGGESTIONS FOR PARENTS***

- 1. If a child's mouth is to develop and grow properly, the primary (baby) teeth must be healthy. Please realize that polishing the teeth and taking x-rays enable us to thoroughly examine and prepare a patient for further treatment. This is an easier introduction to dentistry than rushing into the mouth to extract a tooth or to do restorative treatment.**
- 2 During the first visit, a thorough examination will be performed, including necessary x-rays of the teeth and jaws. Restorations will not be completed at the first visit. However, if your child is suffering from a toothache, temporary emergency treatment will be provided if possible. After the examination, a treatment plan will be devised and estimates will be provided for any necessary future treatment. Instructions on brushing and flossing will also be given, so that you are informed as to how to provide your child with proper dental care at home.**
- 3. It has been our experience after treating many children, that we can accomplish our objectives much more efficiently and satisfactorily when the parents do not accompany the child to the examination room. Therefore, for the benefit of your child, you will be asked to wait in the reception room, unless specifically invited to accompany your child.**
- 4. Please do not "over-prepare" your child for the visit, particularly if it is their first visit. If we are allowed to introduce the child to dentistry before they have formed any preconceived notions regarding it, we almost always will secure better cooperation.**
- 5. Please refrain from saying "The doctor will not hurt you". This statement often suggests to the child that "hurting" is a distinct possibility. Rather, say "Dr. Barth will be very gentle with you." I will treat your child as I would treat my own.**
- 6. Please do not be upset if your child cries. Crying is a normal reaction to fear. Children are afraid of anything new and strange. Crying can be considered a form of "noisy cooperation".**
- 7. Please let your child use the restroom prior to their dental appointment.**
- 8. Your understanding and cooperation is an important part of your child's dental care. Therefore, please feel free to ask any questions you may have concerning pediatric dentistry.**

## **DIRECTIONS TO OUR MANHATTAN OFFICE**

### **PLEASE ALLOW TIME FOR ANY ROAD DELAYS !**

#### **From the West (Ft. Riley, Abilene, Salina, Hays, etc)**

Take the Manhattan / Ogden exit off I-70 (EXIT #303) ( HWY 18). Take HWY 18 to Manhattan (Approx 10 miles). When you start getting close to the city limits, you will go by an airport, golf course and a car dealership. After you go past the Manhattan city limits sign, you will take the first exit you come to, which is Highway 113 (also called Seth Child Road). You will go north on 113 until you come to the fourth stoplight, which will be Claflin Rd. (There is a Pizza Hut at the corner!) Turn right (east) onto Claflin. Go up the hill past Papa Murphy's Pizza, Taco Bell and Blockbuster Video. About 1 1/2 blocks after Blockbuster, you will come to a small brown sign that says Manhattan Medical Center (on the right side of Claflin). Turn into this entrance. You will see several brick buildings. We are in the lower level of Building D, in the southwest entrance.

#### **From Alma, Topeka, etc. , OR (Council Grove from HWY 177)**

Take I-70 West to EXIT 313. Go North on HWY 177 (9 miles) into Manhattan. As you go over the bridge, get in the far right hand lane. At the stoplight, turn right onto Ft. Riley Blvd.. Go a couple of miles, until you see the Clarion Hotel (on the right). Take the exit right after the Clarion (Hwy 113- Seth Child Road). Go to the fourth stoplight. This will be Claflin Road (there is a Pizza Hut at the corner). Turn right (east) onto Claflin. Go up the hill, past Papa Murphy's Pizza, Taco Bell, and Blockbuster Video. About 1 1/2 blocks after the Blockbuster, you will come to a small brown sign that says Manhattan Medical Center (on the right side of Claflin). Turn into this entrance. You will see several brick buildings. We are in the lower level of Building D, in the southwest entrance.

#### **From Concordia, Marysville, Clay Center, Riley, Leonardville, etc.**

Take Highway 24. Take the exit for Highway 113. (There is a green road sign that says Kansas State University.) Go approx. 3 miles until you get to the first stop light. This will be Claflin Road (there is a Pizza Hut on the corner). Turn left (east) onto Claflin. You will go up a hill past Papa Murphy's Pizza, Taco Bell, & Blockbuster Video. About 1 1/2 blocks past Blockbuster, you will come to a small brown sign that says Manhattan Medical Center (on the right side of Claflin). Turn into this entrance. You will see several brick buildings. We are in the lower level of Building D, in the southwest entrance.

#### **From Wamego, St. Marys, Etc.**

Take Hwy. 24 West to Tuttle Creek Blvd. (you will end up at the traffic light by the mall). Turn left at the light - you will be on Tuttle Creek Blvd., which will become Ft. Riley Blvd. Go a couple miles, until you see the Clarion Hotel (on the right). Take the exit right after the Clarion (Hwy 113 - Seth Child Road). Go to the fourth traffic light. This will be Claflin Road (there is a Pizza Hut at the corner). Turn right (east) onto Claflin. Go up the hill, past Papa Murphy's Pizza, Taco Bell, and Blockbuster Video. About 1 1/2 blocks after Blockbuster, you will come to a small brown sign that says Manhattan Medical Center (on the right side of Claflin). Turn into this entrance. You will see several brick buildings. We are in the lower level of Building D, in the southwest entrance.